Township of Johnstown Barry County, Michigan

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended March 31, 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees Township of Johnstown, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township of Johnstown, Michigan, as of and for the year ended March 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements, as listed in the contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township Johnstown, Michigan, as of March 31, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Board of Trustees Township of Johnstown, Michigan Page 2

Correction of an Error

As described in Note 13 to the financial statements, the Township recorded a prior period adjustment to correct its method of accounting for operating special assessments of the governmental activities. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required supplementary information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, as listed in the contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Township of Johnstown, Michigan's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor governmental fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining balance sheet and combining statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the nonmajor governmental funds (supplementary information) are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Siegfried Crandoll P.C.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of the Township of Johnstown's (the Township) financial performance provides a narrative overview of the Township's financial activities for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2018. Please read it in conjunction with the Township's financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Township's total net position increased by \$151,560 as a result of this year's activities.
- Of the \$2,776,674 total net position reported, \$1,675,711 is available to be used to meet the Township's ongoing
 obligations to its citizens and customers, without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or
 other legal requirements.
- The General Fund's unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year was \$1,224,815, which represents 544 percent of the actual total General Fund expenditures for the current fiscal year.

Overview of the financial statements

The Township's annual report is comprised of four parts: management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and an optional section that presents combining statements for nonmajor governmental funds. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the Township:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the Township's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the Township government, reporting the Township's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements.
 - O Governmental funds statements explain how government services, like general government, public safety, and public works, were financed in the short-term, as well as what remains for future spending.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The financial statements are followed by sections of required supplementary information and other supplementary information that further explain and support the information in the financial statements.

A comparative analysis of the government-wide financial statements for 2018 and 2017 is also presented.

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the Township as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the Township's assets, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the Township's net position and how it has changed. Net position (the difference between the Township's assets, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources) is one way to measure the Township's financial health, or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the Township's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the Township, you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the Township's property tax base and the condition of the Township's capital assets.

The government-wide financial statements present governmental activities. These activities include functions most commonly associated with government (e.g., general government, public safety, public works, library, etc.). Property taxes and state grants generally fund these services.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

Fund financial statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Township's most significant funds - not the Township as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the Township uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by state law and by bond agreements.
- The Township Board establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain other revenues.

The Township has one type of fund:

Governmental funds. The Township's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash, and
other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash, flows in and out, and (2) the balances left at year end that are
available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps
determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the
Township's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the governmentwide statements, we provide additional information that explains the relationship between them.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWNSHIP AS A WHOLE

Net position

Total net position at the end of the fiscal year was \$2,776,674. Of this total, \$1,018,634 is invested in capital assets and \$82,329 is restricted for various purposes. Consequently, unrestricted net position was \$1,675,711.

Condensed financial information Net position

	Governmental activities					
	2018	2017				
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 1,774,614 1,222,041	\$ 1,620,776 1,294,257				
Total assets	2,996,655	2,915,033				
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities	16,574 203,407	21,366 268,553				
Total liabilities	219,981	289,919				
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	1,018,634 82,329 1,675,711	1,025,704 94,275 1,505,135				
Total net position	\$ 2,776,674	\$ 2,625,114				

The 2017 column reflects restated amounts for current and other assets and current liabilities, as a result of a prior period adjustment recorded in 2018. Both amounts were reduced by \$100,320, for the effect of correcting the method of accounting used for operating special assessments. There was no effect on net position at March 31, 2017.

Changes in net position

The Township's total revenues were \$742,365. Approximately 48 percent of the Township's revenues comes from property taxes, 33 percent from state grants, and 14 percent from charges for services.

The total cost of the Township's programs totaled \$590,805. Approximately 40 percent of the Township's costs related to the provision of general government. Public safety costs accounted for 37 percent and public works costs were 17 percent of the Township's total expenses.

Condensed financial information Changes in net position

	Governmental activities				
	2018	2017			
Program revenues: Charges for services Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions General revenues: Property taxes State shared revenue Interest income	\$ 101,970 4,258 18,009 355,537 245,872	\$ 182,323 7,871 - 351,401 238,857			
Special item Total revenues	5,206 11,513 742,365	782,725			
Expenses: General government Public safety Public works Recreation and culture Interest on long-term debt	236,284 221,335 97,809 30,041 5,336	233,956 229,274 319,147 29,621 4,035			
Total expenses	590,805	816,033			
Changes in net position	\$ 151,560	\$ (33,308)			
Net position, end of year	\$ 2,776,674	\$ 2,625,114			

Governmental activities

Governmental activities increased the Township's net position by \$151,560 compared to a decrease of \$33,308 in 2017. The Township's revenues decreased \$40,360 from 2017, while the operating costs decreased by \$225,228 from 2017. The decrease in revenues was due primarily to the addition of a \$85,210 special assessment district in 2017 for the paving of West Shore Drive. The Township did received \$11,513 in cash and property from the dissolution of the Union Cemetery Board and capital grants of \$18,009 during the fiscal year. The decrease in expenses was due primarily to decreased road maintenance costs. The remaining categories of revenues and expenses remained relatively consistent for both periods.

The total cost of governmental activities this year was \$590,805. After subtracting the charges to those who directly benefited from the programs (\$181,970) and operating and capital grants (\$22,267), the "public benefit" portion covered by taxes, state revenue sharing, and other general revenues was \$386,568, compared to \$625,839 in 2017.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWNSHIP'S FUNDS

Governmental funds

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Township's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,739,104, an increase of \$186,617 from the prior year.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Township. At the end of the current fiscal year, its fund balance was \$1,321,110, an increase of \$104,020 during the year, as revenues of \$426,586 and a special item of \$7,513 exceeded expenditures of \$225,079 and transfers out of \$105,000.

The Road Fund is used to account for property tax revenues restricted for road maintenance. Its fund balance at the end of the current fiscal year was \$215,702, an increase of \$66,466, as current year revenues of \$50,234 and a transfer from the General Fund of \$52,500 exceeded public works costs of \$36,268.

The Fire Fund is used to account for property tax revenues restricted for fire protection costs (both operating and capital). Its fund balance at the end of the current fiscal year was \$119,963, as current year revenues of \$130,479 and a transfer from the General Fund of \$52,500 exceeded public safety costs of \$154,902.

The Fire Capital Fund is used to account for property taxes restricted for fire capital purchases. Its fund balance at the end of the current fiscal year was \$34,069, an increase of \$4,986, as current year revenues of \$80,133 exceeded capital outlay of \$4,665 and debt service costs of \$70,482.

General Fund budgetary highlights

The Township amended the General Fund expenditure budget by \$23,116 to reflect unanticipated general government and public works costs. Revenues were \$25,459 more than budgeted, as state grants, were \$15,675 higher than expected. The Township also received \$7,513 as their share in the dissolution of the Union Cemetery Board. Expenditures were \$48,662 less than the amounts appropriated, which was primarily because capital purchases were less than anticipated.

These variances resulted in an \$81,634 positive budget variance, with a \$104,020 increase in fund balance compared to a budget that anticipated a \$22,386 increase in fund balance.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital assets

The Township's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of March 31, 2018, amounts to \$1,222,041 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment includes land, buildings, equipment, and vehicles. The Township's net investment in capital assets decreased by \$72,216 for the current year, as \$29,709 in asset acquisitions were offset by \$101,925 in current depreciation and disposals.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Election equipment totaling \$8,810
- AutoPulse Resuscitation System totaling \$15,595
- Write off of land as the result of the dissolution of the Union Cemetery Board totaling \$4,000

More detailed information about the Township's capital assets is presented in Note 5 of the notes to the basic financial statements.

Debt

At the end of the fiscal year, the Township had an installment purchase agreement outstanding in the amount of \$203,407, after debt principal payments in 2018 of \$65,146. All debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the Township.

More detailed information about the Township's long-term debt is presented in Note 7 of the notes to the basic financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The Township plans to primarily use current revenues to provide essential services in fiscal year 2019 in order to maintain current fund balances. Expenditures are expected to increase by nominal amounts compared to fiscal year 2018. The ongoing costs of providing essential services for the citizens of the Township will again need to be monitored in order to maintain the financial condition and operational capabilities of the Township. The Township will consider the need for various capital expenditures and additional road improvement projects.

CONTACTING THE TOWNSHIP'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Township's finances and to demonstrate the Township's accountability for the resources it receives. Questions regarding any information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Phone: (269) 721-9709 Ext. 203

Barbara Earl, Township Supervisor Township of Johnstown 13641 South M-37 Highway Battle Creek, MI 49017

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

March 31, 2018

	Governmental activities
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash	\$ 1,653,235
Receivables, net	78,876
Prepaid expenses	19,727
Total current assets	1,751,838
Noncurrent assets:	
Receivables, net	22,776
Capital assets not being depreciated	9,012
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	1,213,029
Total noncurrent assets	1,244,817
Total assets	2,996,655
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Payables	16,574
Long term debt	66,456
Total current liabilities	83,030
Noncurrent liabilities - long-term debt	136,951
Total liabilities	219,981
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	1,018,634
Restricted for:	
Public works	48,260
Capital acquisition	34,069
Unrestricted	1,675,711
Total net position	\$ 2,776,674

			Program revenues					Net	(expenses)				
	Expenses		Expenses			Charges for g		Operating grants and contributions		Capital grants and contributions		revenues and change in net position	
Functions/Programs						_							
Governmental activities:													
General government	\$	236,284	\$	46,933	\$	-	\$	8,810	\$	(180,541)			
Public safety		221,335		21,042		-		9,199		(191,094)			
Public works		97,809		33,995		4,258		-		(59,556)			
Recreation and culture		30,041		-		-		-		(30,041)			
Interest on long-term obligations		5,336		-	_	-		-		(5,336)			
Total governmental activities	\$	590,805	\$	101,970	\$	4,258	\$	18,009		(466,568)			
	Gene	eral revenue	s:										
	Т	axes								355,537			
	S	tate grants								245,872			
	lr	nvestment ir	com	е						5,206			
			Tota	al general rev	enu	es				606,615			
Special item - dissolution of Union Cemetery								11,513					
	Char	ige in net po	sitio	n						151,560			
	Net	position - be	ginni	ing						2,625,114			
	Net _l	oosition - en	ding						\$	2,776,674			

		General		Road		Fire		Fire Capital		onmajor funds	go	Total vernmental funds
ASSETS												
Cash	\$	1,259,620	\$	211,929	\$	107,514	\$	28,031	\$	46,141	\$	1,653,235
Receivables		70,811		3,773		16,647		6,038		4,383		101,652
Prepaid items	_	11,627				8,100						19,727
Total assets	\$	1,342,058	\$	215,702	\$	132,261	\$	34,069	\$	50,524	\$	1,774,614
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES												
Liabilities - payables	\$	2,012	\$	_	\$	12,298	\$	_	\$	2,264	\$	16,574
in the second se	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	
Deferred inflows of resources - unavailable												
special assessments		18,936		-		-		-		-		18,936
·		,										
Fund balances:												
Nonspendable for prepaid items		11,627		-		8,100		-		-		19,727
Restricted for:												
Capital purchases		-		-		-		34,069		-		34,069
Weed control		-		-		-		-		48,260		48,260
Assigned for:												
Roads		-		215,702		-		-		-		215,702
Fire protection		-		-		111,863		-		-		111,863
Capital purchases		84,668		-		-		-		-		84,668
Unassigned		1,224,815					_			-		1,224,815
Total fund balances		1,321,110		215,702	_	119,963		34,069	_	48,260		1,739,104
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of												
resources, and fund balances	Ś	1,342,058	\$	215,702	\$	132,261	\$	34,069	\$	50,524	\$	1,774,614
resources, and fund balances	7	1,342,038	y	213,702	7	132,201	<u>ې</u>	34,009	<u>ې</u>	30,324	y	1,774,014
Reconciliation of the balance sheet to the stateme	ent of	net position	1:									
Total fund balance - total governmental funds											\$	1,739,104
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in position (page 10) are different because:	the sta	atement of r	net									
Capital assets used in <i>governmental activities</i> are and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	not fi	nancial reso	urce	s								1,222,041
Notes payable are not due and payable in the currand, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	ent p	eriod										(203,407)
Special assessments receivable are not available t period's expenditures and, therefore, are deferred			ent									18,936
Net position of governmental activities											\$	2,776,674

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND

BALANCES - governmental funds

Year ended March 31, 2018

	General	Road	Fire	Fire Capital		onmajor funds	goı	Total vernmental funds
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$ 130,712	\$ 50,083	\$ 100,165	\$ 80,126	\$	30,041	\$	391,127
State grants	250,130	-	-	-		-		250,130
Charges for services	9,310	-	14,525	-		-		23,835
Interest	7,661	151	80	7		27		7,926
Other	28,773	 	 15,709	-		32,529		77,011
Total revenues	426,586	 50,234	 130,479	80,133		62,597		750,029
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government	211,366	-	-	-		-		211,366
Public safety Public works	- 12,053	- 36,268	134,098	-		- 49,488		134,098 97,809
Recreation and culture	12,033	30,206	-	-		30,041		30,041
Capital outlay	1,660	_	20,804	4,665		-		27,129
Debt service:	1,000		20,001	1,003				27,123
Principal	-	-	-	65,146		-		65,146
Interest		 	 	5,336	_			5,336
Total expenditures	225,079	 36,268	 154,902	75,147		79,529		570,925
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	201,507	 13,966	 (24,423)	4,986		(16,932)		179,104
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	-	52,500	52,500	-		-		105,000
Transfers out	(105,000)	 	 -			-		(105,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(105,000)	52,500	 52,500					
SPECIAL ITEM								
Proceeds from dissolution of								
Union Cemetery Board	7,513	 	 					7,513
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	104,020	66,466	28,077	4,986		(16,932)		186,617
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	1,217,090	 149,236	 91,886	29,083		65,192		1,552,487
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 1,321,110	\$ 215,702	\$ 119,963	\$ 34,069	\$	48,260	\$	1,739,104

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - governmental funds (Continued)

Year ended March 31, 2018

Reconciliation of the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances to the statement of activities:	
Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds (page 13)	\$ 186,617
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of activities (page 11) are different because:	
Capital assets: Assets acquired Provision for depreciation	29,709 (101,925)
Long-term debt: Principal payments	65,146
Net increase in deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable special assessment revenues	(27,987)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 151,560

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Township of Johnstown, Michigan (the Township), conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (hereinafter referred to as generally accepted accounting principles) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies.

Reporting entity:

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present only the Township (located in Barry County), as there are no other entities for which the Township is considered to be financially accountable.

Government-wide and fund financial statements:

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the Township. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The major individual governmental funds are reported as a separate column in the fund financial statements.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation:

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental funds financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available if they are collected within the current period, or soon enough thereafter, to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Township generally considers revenues to be available if they are expected to be collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, expenditures relating to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

State grants, licenses and permits, charges for services, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable only when cash is received by the Township.

The Township reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the Township's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Township, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are primarily derived from property taxes and state shared revenue.

The Road Fund, a special revenue fund, accounts for financial resources used for road maintenance projects in the Township. Revenues are primarily derived from property taxes.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (continued):

The Fire Fund, a special revenue fund, accounts for financial resources used for the operational costs of the Township's public safety functions. Revenues are primarily derived from property taxes.

The Fire Capital Fund, a capital project fund, accounts for capital purchases financed through property taxes and loan proceeds.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position or equity:

Bank deposits - Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Pooled interest income is proportionately allocated to all funds, except that all interest earned by the Building Fund is included in investment income of the General Fund.

Receivables - In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been recorded, as the Township considers all receivables to be fully collectible.

Prepaid items - Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital assets - Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Township as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value as of the date received. Governments can elect to account for infrastructure assets either retroactively to June 15, 1980, or prospectively. The Township has elected to account for infrastructure assets prospectively, beginning April 1, 2004.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and improvements 20 - 40 years Equipment 3 - 5 years Vehicles 10 - 15 years

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position or equity (continued):

Deferred inflows of resources - The statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet include a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement reflects an increase in net position that applies to a future period. The related revenues will not be recognized until a future event occurs. The Township has two items, special assessments and state grants, which are included in this category. Special assessment and state grant revenues, which are not recognized until available (collected not later than 60 days after the end of the Township's fiscal year), are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the assessments become available.

Net position - Net position represents the difference between assets, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The Township reports three categories of net position, as follows: (1) Net investment in capital assets consists of net capital assets reduced by outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets; (2) Restricted net position is considered restricted if its use is constrained to a particular purpose. Restrictions are imposed by external organizations, such as federal or state laws or buyers of the Township's debt. Restricted net position is reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to the restricted assets; (3) Unrestricted net position consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of the above components and is available for general use by the Township.

Net position flow assumption - Sometimes, the Township will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Township's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

Fund equity - Governmental funds report nonspendable fund balance for amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balance is reported when externally imposed constraints are placed on the use of resources by grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments. The Township Board retains the authority to assign fund balances as to purpose. Unassigned fund balances are amounts that do not fall into any other category above. This is the residual classification for amounts in the General Fund. In other governmental funds, only negative unassigned amounts are reported, if any, and represent expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeding the amounts previously restricted or assigned to those purposes. When the Township incurs an expenditure for purposes for which various fund balance classifications can be used, it is the Township's policy to use the restricted fund balance first, followed by assigned fund balance, and, finally, unassigned fund balance.

Property tax revenue recognition - Property taxes are levied as of December 1 on property values assessed as of December 31 of the prior year. The billings are due on or before February 14, at which time the bill becomes delinquent and penalties and interest may be assessed by the Township. Property tax revenue is recognized in the year for which taxes have been levied and become available. The Township levy date is December 1, and, accordingly, the total levy is recognized as revenue in the current year.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position or equity (continued):

Use of estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary information - Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for governmental funds. The budget document presents information by fund, function, and department. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body is the function level. All annual appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

Excess of expenditures over appropriations - The following schedule sets forth the budget variance:

			Final			
Fund	Function	b	udget	 Actual	Var	iance
Library	Recreation and culture	Ś	29,700	\$ 30,041	\$	341

NOTE 3 - CASH

State statutes and the Township's investment policy authorize the Township to make deposits in the accounts of federally-insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations. The Township's deposits are in accordance with statutory authority. At March 31, 2018, the Township had deposits with a carrying amount of \$1,653,235.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, the Township will not be able to recover its deposits. The Township's investment policy does not specifically address custodial credit risk for deposits. At March 31, 2018, \$595,055 of the Township's bank balances of \$1,660,567 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of March 31, 2018, for the Township's individual major funds and nonmajor funds, in the aggregate, were as follows:

Fund		Property taxes		, ,		, ,						. ,		Special sessments	go	Inter- vernmental	 Totals
General	\$	9,178	\$	22,775	\$	38,858	\$ 70,811										
Road		3,773		-		-	3,773										
Fire		7,547		-		9,100	16,647										
Fire Capital		6,038		-		-	6,038										
Nonmajor	_	2,264		2,119		-	 4,383										
Totals	\$	28,800	\$	24,894	\$	47,958	\$ 101,652										
Noncurrent portion	\$	-	\$	18,936	\$		\$ 18,936										

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended March 31, 2018, was as follows:

	Beginning balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated - land	\$ 5,012	\$ 4,000	\$ -	\$ 9,012
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	925,135	-	-	925,135
Equipment	466,920	25,709	(11,547)	481,082
Vehicles	1,056,295			1,056,295
Subtotal	2,448,350	25,709	(11,547)	2,462,512
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(129,195)	(26,629)	-	(155,824)
Equipment	(339,587)	(40,963)	11,547	(369,003)
Vehicles	(690,323)	(34,333)		(724,656)
Subtotal	(1,159,105)	(101,925)	11,547	(1,249,483)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	1,289,245	(76,216)		1,213,029
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 1,294,257	\$ (72,216)	\$ -	\$ 1,222,041

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the Township as follows:

Governmental activities:

General government Public safety	\$ 23,258 78,667
Total	\$ 101,925

NOTE 6 - PAYABLES

Payables as of March 31, 2018, for the Township's individual major funds and nonmajor funds, in the aggregate, were as follows:

Fund		 counts	 Payroll	Inter- ernmental	Totals		
General		\$ 1,575	\$ 437	\$ -	\$	2,012	
Fire		4,533	7,765	-		12,298	
Nonmajor		 -	 -	 2,264	_	2,264	
	Totals	\$ 6,108	\$ 8,202	\$ 2,264	\$	16,574	

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT

At March 31, 2018, long-term debt consists of the following single issue: \$335,000 2015 1.98% Note payable, Hasting City Bank - due in annual installments of \$70,482, including interest, beginning June 2016 through June 2020.

All debt is secured by the full faith and credit of the Township.

Long-term debt activity for the year ended March 31, 2018, was as follows:

Governmental activities:			balance	 ie year
2015 Note payable \$ 268,553 \$	- \$	(65,146)	\$ 203,407	\$ 66,456

At March 31, 2018, debt service requirements on long-term debt are follows:

Year ended	(Governmen	tal activities					
March 31:	P	rincipal	Interest					
2019	\$	66,456	\$	4,026				
2020		67,771		2,711				
2021		69,180		1,359				
	\$	203,407	\$	8,096				

NOTE 8 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

The transfers to the Fire Fund and Road Fund from the General Fund represent annual appropriations of \$52,500, each, for future road maintenance and public safety operations.

NOTE 9 - PROPERTY TAX REVENUES

The 2017 taxable valuation of the Township approximated 100,983,000, on which ad valorem taxes levied consisted of 0.9424 mills for operating purposes, 0.9933 mills for fire protection, 0.7946 mills for fire capital, 0.4967 mills for roads, and 0.2980 mills for library services, raising approximately \$95,000 for operating purposes, \$100,000 for fire protection, \$80,000 for fire capital, \$50,000 for roads, and \$30,000 for library services. These amounts are recognized in the respective fund financial statements as property tax revenue.

NOTE 10 - DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION PLAN

The Township and its employees contribute to the Johnstown Township Group Pension Plan, a defined contribution pension plan, which is administered by a third-party administrator. The plan covers all elected officials, salaried fire employees, and volunteer firefighters.

Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Plan are established, and may be amended, by the Township Board. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan, plus investment earnings. Employees are eligible to participate as described above. The Township contributes 10% of covered payroll to the first class of qualifying employees. The Township contributes \$200 for salaries under \$1,000, plus an additional \$200 for each additional \$1,000 of salary, up to \$800, then \$100 for each additional \$1,000 of compensation. Employees are permitted to make contributions to the Plan, up to applicable Internal Revenue Code limits. For the year ended March 31, 2018, the Township made contributions of \$24,100. At March 31, 2018, the Township reported \$4,533 accrued liability as part of the contributions to the plan.

The Township's contributions for each employee (and investment earnings allocated to the employee's account) are fully vested on the day the employee is eligible to participate in the plan, which occurs after one month of service.

The Township is not a trustee of the defined contribution pension plan, nor is the Township responsible for investment management of the pension plan assets. Accordingly, plan assets, and changes therein, are not reported in these financial statements.

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, and employee injuries (workers' compensation). The Township has purchased commercial insurance for each of these claims and is neither self-insured, nor participates in a shared-risk pool. Settled claims relating to commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 12 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

The Township, together with the Townships of Barry, Hope, and Prairieville, established the Southwest Barry County Sewer and Water Authority (the Authority), under the provisions of Act 233 of 1955, to operate, maintain, administer, and manage a sewage collection and disposal system. The governing body of the Authority is made up of one elected official from each member township. Operating costs are financed through user fees, and debt service costs are paid from special assessments upon benefited properties. The Township does not retain an ongoing financial interest or responsibility in the Authority.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 13 - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

A prior period adjustment has been recorded in 2018 to correct the method of accounting used for operating special assessments that resulted in a restatement of opening special assessment receivable and the offsetting unearned revenues. Both accounts were reduced by \$61,821 in the Fine Lake Aquatic Fund and \$38,499 in the Mill Lake Aquatic Fund, which represented annual special assessment installments that are planned to be assessed on the resident's winter tax bill in the future years. There was no effect on beginning fund balances or net position of the governmental activity.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

	Original budget		Final budget	Actual	Variance with final budget positive (negative)
REVENUES	_				
Taxes	\$ 128,86				
State grants	234,45		234,455	250,130	15,675
Charges for services	4,00		6,925	9,310	2,385
Interest	2,31		2,315	7,661	5,346
Other	28,57	2	28,572	28,773	201
Total revenues	398,20	2_	401,127	426,586	25,459
EXPENDITURES					
General government:					
Legislative	8,12	0	8,634	8,294	340
Supervisor	22,80	5	24,559	21,873	2,686
Election	3,90	0	3,900	779	3,121
Assessor	33,60	0	33,600	27,093	6,507
Clerk	39,52	5	39,525	31,417	8,108
Board of review	1,27	5	1,275	1,531	(256)
Treasurer	32,30	0	34,050	31,910	2,140
Hall and grounds	29,00		37,650	34,838	2,812
Cemetery	21,20		24,125	14,679	9,446
Other	39,50		39,700	38,952	748
Total general government	231,22	<u>5</u> _	247,018	211,366	35,652
Public works:					
Highways and streets	-		7,173	7,173	-
Street lights	1,30	0	1,450	1,347	103
Transfer station	3,60	0	3,600	3,533	67
Total public works	4,90	0	12,223	12,053	170
Capital outlay	14,50	0	14,500	1,660	12,840
Total expenditures	250,62	5	273,741	225,079	48,662
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	147,57	7	127,386	201,507	74,121
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out	(105,00	0)	(105,000)	(105,000)	-
SPECIAL ITEM Proceeds from dissolution of Union Cemetery Board	<u> </u>			7,513	7,513
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	42,57	7	22,386	104,020	81,634
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	1,217,09	0	1,217,090	1,217,090	
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 1,259,66	7 \$	1,239,476	\$ 1,321,110	\$ 81,634

	Original budget			Final budget		Actual		riance with nal budget positive negative)
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	49,332	\$	49,332	\$	50,083	\$	751
Interest		95	_	95		151		56
Total revenues		49,427	_	49,427	_	50,234		807
EXPENDITURES Public works		36,268	_	36,268		36,268		
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		13,159		13,159		13,966		807
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in		52,500		52,500		52,500		
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES		65,659		65,659		66,466		807
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		149,236		149,236	_	149,236		
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	214,895	\$	214,895	\$	215,702	\$	807

	Original budget		Final budget		Actual	-	ariance with final budget positive (negative)
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$ 98,677	\$	98,677	\$	100,165	\$	1,488
Charges for services	10,150		10,150		14,525		4,375
Interest	50		50		80		30
Other	 4,300	_	9,800		15,709	_	5,909
Total revenues	 113,177	_	118,677	_	130,479		11,802
EXPENDITURES							
Public safety	143,150		148,650		134,098		14,552
Capital outlay	 18,500	_	25,600	_	20,804	_	4,796
Total expenditures	 161,650	_	174,250		154,902		19,348
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(48,473)		(55,573)		(24,423)		31,150
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Transfers in	 52,500	_	52,500	_	52,500	_	-
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	4,027		(3,073)		28,077		31,150
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	 91,886	_	91,886	_	91,886	_	
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 95,913	\$	88,813	\$	119,963	\$	31,150

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

		Special revenue								
	Dowling Library		Mill Lake Aquatic		Channel Aquatic		Fine Lake Aquatic			Totals
ASSETS										
Cash	\$	-	\$	14,983	\$	5,509	\$	25,649	\$	46,141
Receivables		2,264		840				1,279		4,383
Total assets	\$	2,264	\$	15,823	\$	5,509	\$	26,928	\$	50,524
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:										
Payables	\$	2,264	\$		\$		\$		\$	2,264
Fund balances:										
Restricted for weed control		-		15,823		5,509		26,928		48,260
Total liabilities										
and fund balances	\$	2,264	\$	15,823	\$	5,509	\$	26,928	\$	50,524

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES

IN FUND BALANCES - nonmajor governmental funds

Year ended March 31, 2018

	 Special revenue										
	Dowling Library		Mill Lake Aquatic	Bristol Lake Channel Aquatic		Fine Lake Aquatic			Totals		
REVENUES	 										
Taxes	\$ 30,041	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	30,041		
Interest	-		8		5		14		27		
Other	 <u>-</u>	_	11,175		-	_	21,354		32,529		
Total revenues	 30,041	_	11,183		5	_	21,368		62,597		
EXPENDITURES Current:											
Public works	-		5,633		2,610		41,245		49,488		
Recreation and culture	 30,041		_		-				30,041		
Total expenditures	 30,041	_	5,633	_	2,610		41,245		79,529		
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	-		5,550		(2,605)		(19,877)		(16,932)		
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING	 	_	10,273		8,114		46,805		65,192		
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ _	\$	15,823	\$	5,509	\$	26,928	\$	48,260		